



Ministry of Local Government and Outer Islands

THE BUILDING AND LAND USE PERMIT GUIDE

(Including OPP and Exempt Development Works)



**A STEP BY STEP handy guide to help you
submit your Application and
understand the Planning System**



DECEMBER 2018

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1. ABOUT THE BLP GUIDE

The Building and Land Use Permit Guide explains how to prepare and submit an application and the procedures involved in determining the application. It provides a simple, step by step guide to applicants, persons involved in preparation of plans/projects for development and to officers of Local Authorities involved in the processing of applications.

You can use this Guide as a check list for completing your plans and other supporting documentation. If your application contains all the required information, documents and particulars, the Local Authority can determine it without delay.

You are strongly advised to apply for your Building & Land Use Permit (BLP) online. The online application system is now hosted by the Economic Development Board. You will need to log in to the EDB portal at:- <https://business.edbmauritius.org> to make an online application.

Any questions?

If you need more information or advice, come and speak to the trained staff in the Land Use and Planning Department of your Local Authority.

We strongly recommend that you discuss your proposal during normal office hours with planners of the Local Authority before submitting your application.

The Local Government Act, the Building Control Act, the Town and Country Planning Act and the Environment Protection Act as well as guidelines prepared under these Act, provide the basis of self-adherence to planning and building legislation, regulation, norms and guidelines.

NOTE FOR APPLICANTS

Every person who intends to undertake development works, including:-

- (i) The erection, extension or demolition of a building;
- (ii) the alteration of, or repair to, a building;
- (iii) the making of a material change in the use of a building or land within the curtilage of the building;
- (iv) the division of land;
- (v) any site preparation works or excavation works carried out for the purpose of subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv), including urban landscaping works

shall apply to the local authority for a building and land use permit (BLP), an outline planning permission, where appropriate, or seek confirmation if the development is exempt development

WHICH APPLICATION FORMS?

There are 5 types of forms:

- Form BLP1 - Residential Development not exceeding G + 3 levels,
- Form BLP2– Excision of 1 lot for sale or donation/ excision of lots exceeding 5 hectares/ subdivision of land among heirs
- Form BLP3- Economic Activities/Microenterprise/Small Enterprise, Residential Development above G + 3 levels, Telecommunication structures/facilities, Places of public worship

- Form OPP - Application for Outline Planning Permission
- Request Form for Exempt Development Works

2. WHAT IS A BUILDING AND LAND USE PERMIT APPLICATION?

A Building and Land Use Application is a formal request for permission to carry out development works.

Building includes:

A movable dwelling or other movable structure

A permanent or temporary structure erected or made on, in or under any land;

Any added structure to an existing building which materially affects the external appearance of the building.

3. WHAT ARE EXEMPT DEVELOPMENT WORKS?

Exempt development works are works that do not require a BLP, such as:-

(A) Small scale enterprise/office activity that is carried out in the home without modification of the dwelling is exempt development works that does not require a BLP provided the following criteria are satisfied –

- Daily vehicle movements associated with the enterprise are limited (less than 8 vehicles movements in total, to and from the site);
- There would be no adverse external nuisance such as noise, dust, fumes, vibration etc.;
- Loading and unloading are not disruptive to the amenity of the surrounding residential neighborhood;
- Operator of enterprise should normally reside on the premises and the number of staff employed on site is small (typically less than 3 in total)

- Adequate parking is available for staff and visitors;
- All materials can be safely stored on site and stored materials are not unduly visible or intrusive in the street scene.

(B) For the setting up of a greenhouse for crop cultivation in agricultural land.

(C) Regulations made under Sec 162 of the Local Govt Act.

4. DO YOU NEED A BLP?

Where a person intends to undertake development works, he shall make an application to the local authority concerned for a Building and Land Use Permit (BLP)

You would not require a BLP if you satisfy the following criteria:

- You are carrying out an Exempt Development Works as defined above. If you change the use of a building within the same cluster except *Sui Generis*. and your change of economic activity within the same cluster does not result in:–
 - (i) direct or indirect dangerous or congested traffic conditions on any nearby street or road;
 - (ii) adverse external nuisance such as noise, dust, smell, fumes, soot, ash, vibration or any other similar nuisance;
 - (iii) loading and unloading causing disruption to the amenity of the surrounding neighborhood;
 - (iv) inadequate parking on site for staff and visitors; or
 - (v) Unsafe storage of materials.

5. WHAT IS AN OUTLINE PLANNING PERMISSION (OPP)?

As per the Town & Country Planning Act (as amended) “an Outline Planning Permission is a permission for the development of land sought from a local authority at an early stage and irrespective of whether a Building and Land Use Permit is to be granted or not and before any substantial costs are incurred in relation to the development of the land.”

An application for an OPP is generally made to find out at an early stage, whether or not a proposal is likely to be approved by a LA, before any substantial cost are incurred (e.g. cost of services of an architect ,engineer etc., acquisition of the site or land conversion). An OPP application allows fewer details about the proposal to be submitted. When granting an OPP, the LA will normally specify the “reserved matters” which will be submitted at the BLP application stage.

It is a good idea to talk to the LA about how much information might need to be included before you submit your OPP application.

An OPP does not authorize the holder to start work on the land to which the application relates until and unless a BLP is issued for the reserved matters.

6. BEFORE SUBMITTING AN APPLICATION

Check with the Land Use and Planning Department of the relevant Local Authority:

–

(a) Whether a permit is required

If yes, then check

(i) the applicable guidelines and procedures

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- (ii) the zoning and policies applicable to your site as per the provisions of the Outline Planning Scheme and the relevant Planning Policy Guidance

If no:

- (i) you will have to fill in a request form for Exempt Development

(b) Whether it is advisable to apply for an Outline Planning Permission in the first instance

You may wish to contact the relevant local authority in writing or via email on the following email addresses for any request for information, clarifications or queries:

MUNICIPAL/DISTRICT COUNCIL	EMAIL ADDRESSES
Municipal Council of Port Louis	mpl.ce@intnet.mu
Municipal Council of Beau Bassin-Rose Hill	mubbrh@intnet.mu
Municipal Council of Quatre-Bornes	mcqb@intnet.mu
Municipal Council of Vacoas-Phoenix	mcvp@mail.la.govmu.org
Municipal Council of Curepipe	curpip@intnet.mu
District Council of Riviere du Rempart	ceo.rdr@mail.la.govmu.org
District Council of Pamplemousses	chiefexecutive.dcp@gmail.com
District Council of Flacq	ceofdc@mail.la.govmu.org
District Council of Moka	ceomfdc@intnet.mu
District Council of Grand Port	dcgp@mail.la.govmu.org
District Council of Savanne	dcsavanne@mail.la.govmu.org
District Council of Black River	brdc@mail.la.govmu.org

7. WHERE DO YOU COLLECT AN APPLICATION FORM?

You may collect the application form from the Land Use and Planning Department of any local authority, or you may download from the following website:

➤ <https://la.govmu.org>

8. TO MAKE AN APPLICATION FOR EXEMPT DEVELOPMENT WORKS

- (1) Collect/download the request form for Exempt Development Works
- (2) Call at the Land Use & Planning Department with all three documents specified in the form
- (3) Once the officer is satisfied that the economic activity is exempted from a BLP, the applicant may call at the Public Health Department to pay the trade fee if it is a scheduled activity

9. HOW TO MAKE AN APPLICATION FOR AN OUTLINE PLANNING PERMISSION

(i) Fill in Application Form OPP

(ii) Submit the following documents if available:

- ✓ Copy of title deeds
- ✓ Survey plan
- ✓ ID card number of applicant
- ✓ Owner's consent if applicant is not the owner with ID Card number of owner
- ✓ A precise location plan to the scale of 1:25,000
- ✓ Where relevant, a context plan to the scale of 1:25,000 showing all uses within a radius of 500m
- ✓ Documentary evidence of compliance with notification procedures, where applicable;
- ✓ Where relevant, a contour plan of the site
- ✓ A site plan to the scale of 1:100 showing existing uses, indicative layout with setbacks, indicative parking layout and indicative vehicular access points.

- ✓ Development brief including plot coverage, indicative floor area and indicative building heights.

✓

(iii) Pay a processing fee

10. TO MAKE AN APPLICATION FOR A BUILDING & LAND USE PERMIT

Follow these 5 steps:

(a) Check the PPG Guideline applicable to your proposed development

(b) Prepare plans and drawings as per specifications given to you in the BLP guide & gather all necessary documents

(c) Fill in Parts A and B of the application form as follows:

Part A needs to be filled in and signed by the applicant and the owner of the site (if applicant is not the owner). You need to give accurate information on the exact nature of your proposed development to help the LA deal promptly with the application.

(d) Comply with notification procedures where required and submit proof thereof.

(e) Submit your application form with all necessary information, documents and particulars.

Note that in accordance with section 117 of the Local Government Act 2011, every application for a BLP has to be in accordance with:

- a) the Building Control Act 2012;
- b) the Town and Country Planning Act;

- c) the Planning and Development Act 2004;
- d) the Environment Protection Act; and,
- e) the Mauritius Fire and Rescue Service Act
- f) Any guidelines issued under the above Acts.

The above five steps are detailed hereunder:

Step 1

The first step in preparing a BLP application is to find out about the policies and guidelines, which apply to your specific development which could fall under the following categories–

- (i) Residential including residential apartments/tall buildings
- (ii) Commercial/services
- (iii) Microenterprises/Small Enterprises
- (iv) Industrial/Sui Generis
- (v) Excision/Subdivision of land among heirs

Please refer to the relevant guidelines in this document before preparing your plans.

Step 2: Prepare plans and drawings

(A) Which plans?

The following is a general guide to the type of plans you will need to prepare.

(i) Location / Context Plan

Required for all applications and with specific details for commercial, industrial, services and small enterprise projects as specified in the checklist below.

(ii) Site Analysis Plan

Required for all applications which involve construction/development works/change of use.

(iii) Scaled Plans and elevations

Required for all applications which involve construction and preferably on A4 or A3 size.

(iv) Survey Plan and Subdivision Plan as per Cadastral Survey Act

Required for applications for excision of land/subdivision among heirs.

(v) Section and Elevation Plans

Required for all applications which involve construction.

(vi) Structural plans and structural details as per the Building Control Act

Required for all applications which involve construction.

(B) Design Process

The design of a development layout involves consideration of the following issues:

- Analyzing the site context
- Determining the appropriate intensity of development
- Establishing the broad framework, including consideration of connectivity and cohesiveness
- Establishing development types and plot sizes

- Determining the requirements for community facilities

- Incorporating traffic management systems

- Planning for visual and acoustic privacy

(C) How do you calculate plot coverage?

When calculating coverage, all enclosed spaces on the ground floor shall be taken as 100% of their area on plan, measured to the external face of the external walls. In the case of verandahs, porches, car parks and similar uses, they should be included within coverage if they are covered by a roof.

Where the verandah, porch, car park is backed by no more than one wall, the area should be included as 50% of its plan area in the coverage calculation. If backed or enclosed by two or more walls the whole area shall be included in the coverage calculation.

(D) Checklist

The following checklist will guide you on what information is required on your plans. Be sure you show all the details that are relevant to your proposal.

(i) Title Block

You must include a title block on every plan showing:

- ✓ Name and signature of service provider/s. (surveyor, architect, engineer, draughtsman, planner)

- ✓ Plan number, plan description, scale and date.
- ✓ Name of applicant.
- ✓ Amendment number and date (if relevant).
- ✓ Location and description of property.
- ✓ Description of project

(ii) Orientation

Include a north point on every plan. This will help us relate your plans to the site.

(iii) Scale

Show the scale as specified in the application form on every plan and ensure all plans are drawn to standard metric scale.

(iv) Layout Plans

Show uses of all rooms.

(v) Levels

Your plans and elevations must show relevant information including contours (where applicable), ground levels, and roof levels.

(vi) Location Plan

Accurate location plan, showing distance of site from specific or prominent landmarks to be submitted. For COMM/INDU/SE/SERV Projects, location plans should show all existing buildings/development in the immediate vicinity of the site

(on side, rear boundaries and on opposite side) with details on the height, setbacks and character of buildings in that area. This will help the Authorities to determine whether flexibility to guidelines in the PPG can be applied.

(vii) Site Plan

Must show -

- ✓ Existing and proposed buildings on the site, including setbacks (in metres) from boundaries, front and rear entrances and current uses.
- ✓ Outline of buildings to be shown (not roof plan).
- ✓ Fences, walls, swimming pools.
- ✓ Street frontage features – poles, trees, kerbs, crossings, handrails, drains, etc...
- ✓ Vehicular access to site in a safe location where visibility is good and visibility splays provided.
- ✓ Provision for on-site parking and no reversing onto A or B road.

(viii) How do you calculate Floor Area Ratio (FAR) applicable to commercial buildings in major centres?

FAR is a factor that relates the sum of the gross enclosed area of all the floors of the development, to the area of the site. A FAR value therefore dictates the total development bulk permitted on a site.

For calculating FAR, the following areas are excluded -

- Building services, sited in basements, on purely 'service' floors, or on roof tops; Basement car parks; and
- Light weight balconies (whether covered by a roof or not).
- The well of an internal atrium is to be taken at half the plan area for each floor, but any surrounding corridors are to be calculated at full area.

Step 3: Filling the application form

PART A

The following on the application form require particular attention:

1. Owner's consent/signature

You must obtain the consent of the land owner if you are not the owner. If there is more than one landowner, signatures of all owners are required. If the application form is not signed by the landowners and by you as the applicant, **the application will not be accepted.**

2. Proposed development works

You must describe the proposed development works in detail. Tell us exactly what you propose to do. If you cannot fully describe your proposal in the space provided on the application form, you will need to include a full description on a separate sheet, which needs to be properly signed and dated by you.

PART B

Part B of the form will have to be filled in by the Service Provider- and this will enable you to know the amount of BLP fees payable on collection of your permit.

Step 4: Notification procedures

1. Notification procedures are required for applications relating to -

- (a) Commercial/Industrial, services, Small Enterprises & Handicraft Enterprise and Sui Generis proposed within residential areas;
- (b) Industrial development in residential areas, established commercial centres and Central Business Districts (CBD);
- (c) Residential apartments above G + 3 levels;
- (d) Construction of a building or conversion of a building to be used as a theatre, cinema hall or other place of public entertainment;
- (e) Installation of industrial engines;
- (f) Construction of a building or conversion of a building to be used as a Place of Public Worship as required under PPG 3.
- (g) Construction of building/structures for telecommunication purposes as required under PPG 7.

2. For the following types of development works notification procedures as outlined below should be adopted:

(a) Places of Public Entertainment:

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- (i) Site Notification as per format on Page 55` should be put up along all access roads bordering the site, 15 days before submission of application to the Local Authority.
- (ii) A notification certificate as specified on Page 57 should be submitted to the Land Use and Planning Department at the time of submission of application.
- (iii) Legal notice should be served on all contiguous owners 15 days prior to submission of application as per format on Page 54.
- (iv) Publications should be effected in 2 daily newspapers 15 days prior to submission of application as per format for newspaper notice for public entertainment on Page 53.

(b) For installation of Industrial Engines:

- (i) Site Notification as per format on Page 55 should be put up along all access roads bordering the site, 15 days before submission of application to the Local Authority.
- (ii) A notification certificate as specified on Page 57 should be submitted to the Land Use and Planning Department at the time of submission of application.
- (iii) Legal notice should be served on all contiguous owners 15 days prior to submission of application as per format on Page 54.
- (iii) Publications in 2 daily newspapers 15 days prior to submission of application as per format on Page 53.

(c) For Places of Public Worship:

- (i) Site Notification as per format on Page 55 should be put up along all access roads bordering the site, 15 days before submission of application to the Local Authority.

- (ii) A notification certificate as specified on Page 57 should be submitted to the Land Use and Planning Department at the time of submission of application.
- (iii) Publications in 2 daily newspapers 15 days prior to submission of application as per format on Page 53.
- (iv) In predominantly residential areas, a legal notice on all contiguous owners & property owners across the road 15 days prior to submission of application as per format on Page 54.

(d) For siting and design of Radio Telecommunication Equipment

- (i) Site Notification as per format on Page 55 should be put up along all access roads bordering the site, 15 days before submission of application to the Local Authority.
- (ii) A notification certificate as specified on page 57 should be submitted to the Land Use and Planning Department at the time of submission of application.
- (iii) Publications in 2 daily newspapers 15 days prior to submission of application as per format on Page 53.
- (iv) Legal notice should be served on all contiguous owners 15 days prior to submission of application as per format on Page 54

3. In all other cases the following notification procedures should be adopted:

- (a) Site notification as per format on Page 55 should be put up along all access roads bordering the site, 15 days before submission of application to the Local Authority.
- (b) A notification certificate as specified on Page 57 should be submitted to the

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Land Use and Planning Department at the time of submission of application.

(c) Publications should be effected in 2 daily newspapers, as per format on Page 53. Public notification in the Press should be done 15 days before submission of the application to the Local Authority.

- Applicants should submit applications within 30 days after the expiry of the delay granted for objections. No application received after that period will be entertained by the Council.
- Objections against the proposed development received within the prescribed time limit will remain valid during the 30 days and will be taken into consideration while processing the application.
- Where no application has been received within the 30 days and applicant still wishes to proceed with the development, fresh notification procedures should be carried out.

Note:

- 1) Please refer to Pages 53 to 61 for prescribed format for notification plate/newspaper publications/legal notice
- 2) Where publications are required in newspapers, the newspapers should be of English/French medium.
- 3) If, following public notification on site and in the daily newspapers, there are objections against the proposed development, then the Permits and Business Monitoring Committee may hold a hearing with both applicant and objector(s).if, in its opinion, the objections are serious and need consideration.

Step 5: Submit your application

How to lodge your application?

You can lodge your application personally or by a duly appointed agent at the Land Use and Planning Department of the relevant Local Authority or by using the online application facility.

You need to:

- 1) Include all the required plans and supporting documents.
- 2) Obtain the owner's consent.
- 3) Complete all notification procedures.
- 4) Fill in and sign Part A & have Part B of the application form filled in by the professionals who have designed the plans (if necessary).
- 5) Pay the processing fee.

PROCESSING FEE

A fixed rate is charged

Payment options

Cheque:	Make your cheque payable to the relevant Local Authority
Cash:	You can pay cash between 9.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. from Monday to Friday (except public holiday)
E-payment:	Is available for online applications

11. AFTER YOU SUBMIT YOUR APPLICATION FOR BLP

(a) Acknowledgement

You will receive an acknowledgement receipt specifying the processing fees paid, the registered application reference number.

The Council may request for any additional information which it deems necessary for the determination of the application. In such a case, the applicant will be informed within eight working days of the submission of the application. If no such request is made, the application date is the effective. Otherwise, an effective date will be given on submission of the additional information required.

(b) Public notification and Objections.

If the Council receives objections against your proposed development following public notification procedures within the prescribed delay of 15 days, the Permits and Business Monitoring Committee may hold a hearing at the earliest.

When a hearing has been fixed, no postponement of the hearing will be entertained unless all parties agree. In such a case the effective date given will no longer apply.

For Micro and Small enterprises projects, no hearing will be held. The Permits & Business Monitoring Committee will determine the validity of the objection and take a decision within 3 working days as from effective date of the application.

Now that you have correctly followed these 5 steps, your application will be registered.

The guide will now explain the steps followed by the Local Authority to determine your application.

11. STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE THROUGH PROCEDURES FOLLOWED TO

**DETERMINE AN APPLICATION FOR A BUILDING AND LAND USE
PERMIT**

(Other than that of a microenterprise or small enterprise)

DAY 1

For manual applications, applicant submits application with Parts A & B of the application form duly filled in, together with all information and plans spelt out in the checklist and relevant documents in relation with notification procedures (legal notice/certificate of notification/newspaper publications as applicable) to the front desk at the Land Use and Planning Department. *Applicants are encourage to use the online facility to make their applications.*

Note: Application will not be accepted if application form is not properly filled, documents or plans are missing, signatures are missing or notification procedures have not been complied with.

- Application is registered and given a reference number.
- Acknowledgement Receipt is issued after the relevant processing fee has been paid at the cashier's office. For online payment, the bank will automatically inform the local authority of your payment and you will receive an email acknowledgement.
- 1 set of the plans is sent to the Head, Public Infrastructure Department.
- Where applicable, the application is referred to the CWA, CEB, and the WMA for clearance.

DAY 2 - Day 8

Assessment of applications by relevant officers of the Land Use and Planning Department and the Public Infrastructure Department will be as follows:

Applications are referred to the relevant officers of the Planning and the Public Infrastructure Departments to check their completeness and to report any shortcoming. The Council should seek from the applicant only once any additional information, particulars or documents in relation to the application with 8 days of the receipt of the application. A delay of 4 weeks should be given to submit the requirements and an effective date will only be given when all above requirement are satisfied. If no such request is made to the applicant then the date of submission of the application is the effective date.

Only applications where building construction is involved are referred to the Head Public Infrastructure Department (HPID) for his recommendation on the structural soundness of the building.

The HPID submits his recommendation to the Land Use and Planning Department, bearing in mind that the delay request any additional information, etc. is 8 days and delay to grant a permit is 14 working days.

If any of the Utilities providers does not submit its clearance within 5 days, it is deemed that it has no objection to the application.

If any of the Utilities providers informs the Council, within 5 days, that it is keeping the application in abeyance because it needs to contact the applicant for soil test,

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provision of transformers, extension of electricity lines or extending of water pipes etc. The Council must so inform the applicant within 8 days of the application.

DAY 9- DAY 13

An agenda made up of a list of applications together with the recommendation of the Head of the Land Use and Planning Department is prepared and signed by both the Head of the Land Use and Planning Department and the Chief Executive. This agenda is submitted to the members of the PBMC 2 days in advance of the meeting which must be held not later than day 14`

DAY 14

The decisions of the PBMC, once taken shall be implemented immediately.

If the PBMC fails to issue a BLP within 2 days of the expiring of the due date, the application shall be deemed to have been approved and the applicants can pay the permit fee and the receipt as well as the acknowledgment receipt are the permit.

On the 14th working day of the effective date of the application, the applicant shall call at the Land Use and Planning Department of the Council to:

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- (i) Pay the appropriate permit fees and collect his BLP together with one set of approved plans; or
- (ii) Collect his refusal letter; or
- (iii) Collect his letter of approval with modifications.

If upon calling at the Council, the applicant does not get any approval or refusal letter from the Council on the fourteenth day, the front desk officer of the Land Use and Planning Department shall record the presence of the applicant at the Council.

DAY 16

If Applicant receives no determination of his application within two working days of the expiry of the prescribed delay, the application shall, on payment of the appropriate fees, be deemed to have been approved. The Council is bound to accept the payment of the permit fee quoted by the applicant in his application form.

Note:

- (i) Day 1 – Day 16 applies to working days and exclude weekends and public holidays.
- (ii) The holder of a BLP shall forthwith inform the Council of the date he commences any building works and of the date the construction is completed.

12. STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE THROUGH PROCEDURES FOLLOWED TO DETERMINE AN APPLICATION FOR A MICRO ENTERPRISE OR A SMALL ENTERPRISE REGISTERED UNDER SMEDA

DAY 1

- Applicant submits application with parts A and B of the form duly filled in, together with all information, plans and relevant documents in relation with notification procedures (legal notice/certificate of notification/newspaper publications as applicable).

Note: Application will **not be accepted** if application form is incomplete, documents or plans are missing, signatures are missing or notification procedures have not been complied with. To be considered as a Microenterprise or a Small enterprise, the application must be accompanied by a certificate of registration from SMEDA.

-Application is registered and given a reference number and an effective date.

-Acknowledgement Receipt is issued after the relevant processing fee has been paid at the cashier's office.

One copy of the plans is sent to the Head of the Public Infrastructure Department. A file is opened with application form, documents and plans and is sent to the Planning Inspector (in the absence of the Planning Inspector, the application is referred to the Planning Officer).

Recommendation must be made on the same day.

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The Head Planner and the Chief Executive prepare the agenda for the PBMC and call a PBMC meeting for day 3

DAY 3

The PBMC approves the permit and the Chief Executive issues BLP with or without conditions or rejects the application.

- Applicant calls at the office on Day 3 to obtain his permit or refusal letter or letter requesting for amendments to plans prior to issue of the permit. Permit will be issued after payment of the relevant fees.

If upon calling at the Council, the applicant does not get any approval or refusal letter from the Council on the third day, the front desk officer of the Land Use and Planning Department shall record the presence of the applicant at the Council.

DAY 5

If Applicant receives no determination of his application within two working days of the expiry of the due date, the application shall, on payment of the appropriate fees, be deemed to have been approved

Note: Day 1 – Day 5 applies to working days and exclude weekends and public holidays.

APPEALS AGAINST DECISION OF THE COUNCIL.

Any person aggrieved by a decision of a Council regarding a BLP application, may appeal to Environment and Land Use Appeal Tribunal within a delay of 21 days as from the date on which the decision was communicated.

13. WHAT IS AN EFFECTIVE DATE?

Under the Local Government Act 2011 “Effective date in relation to an application, means the date by which all information, particulars and documents specified in the application form are submitted.”

14. WHAT IS THE TIME FRAME TO DETERMINE YOUR APPLICATION?

- i. Within 3 working days of the effective date of application for a microenterprise or a small enterprise registered under Small and Medium Enterprise Development Authority Act 2009
- ii. Within 14 working days of the effective date of application for all others.

Note

No time limit shall apply to an application for Outline Planning Permission or for a Building and Land Use Permit for places of public worship which requires the Minister’s prior approval, as well as for development within the Buffer Zones of the Aapravasi Ghat World Heritage Site.

15. WHAT HAPPENS IF YOUR APPLICATION IS NOT DETERMINED BY THE DUE DATE?

The Local Government Act 2011 provides that where an application has not been determined within 2 working days of the expiry of the due date, the application

shall, upon payment of the appropriate fee, be deemed to have been approved and the acknowledgement receipt together with the receipt acknowledging payment of the BLP fees shall be deemed to be the Building and Land Use Permit.

16. PROCEDURES FOLLOWED AFTER DETERMINATION OF APPLICATION.

- (i) Where the Permits & Business Monitoring Committee has either approved your application or approved your application subject to modification, you will be given a delay of **4 weeks** as from the date of request to pay the appropriate BLP fees.
- (ii) Should you fail to pay the BLP fees within such delay, the application will be kept in abeyance for another period of 4 weeks.
- (iii) During that period of 4 weeks, the applicant may still pay the BLP fees.
- (iv) Where the BLP fees remain unpaid within these additional 4 weeks, the application will be set aside.
- (v) Where an application has been set aside, applicant will be required to come up with a fresh application, should he be still interested in carrying out the development.

17. OBLIGATIONS OF DEVELOPER AFTER ISSUE OF BLP

1.0 Under Section 117 of LGA 2011 as amended, the authority for execution and enforcement of the Building Control Act 2012 and the Town and Country Planning Act shall be the local authority of the respective town or district where

the relevant building structure is to be found or where the land is to be developed.

1.1 Under Section 120 of the Local Government Act 2012, it is stipulated that a permit shall lapse within 2 years from the date of issue unless works specified in the above Section of the Local Government Act have been undertaken:-

1.2 In Section 120C of the Local Government Act 2012,, it is stipulated that where a building or part of a building has been erected pursuant to a BLP, that building or part of that building shall not be inhabited, used or occupied unless an occupation certificate has, subject to Sec 7, been issued by the local authority which issued the permit.

Note that an occupation permit should be issued within 5 days of the application.

2.0 The developer must:

(i) Inform the Local Authority of the start of construction works as per letter with format at Page 60;

(ii) After the completion of the construction of the building, the permit holder must apply for an occupation certificate using the prescribed application form as per format at Page 61

3.0 OTHER OBLIGATIONS

3.1 The permit holder needs to comply with the guidelines issued under the Building Control Act 2012, Town and Country Planning Act and the Planning

& Development Act 2004, the Environment Protection Act and the Mauritius Fire and Rescue Service Act.

- 3.2 He also needs to comply with guidelines issued by Ministry of Health & Quality of Life.
- 3.3 He also needs to pay a trade fee to the Council, within 15 days after start of an economic activity in the building which is listed in the 12th Schedule of the Local Government Act 2011.

18. GUIDELINES FOR RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT WORKS

(A). Documents required for applying for a BLP at the front desk

- (a) Copy of Title Deed or copy of lease agreement for development proposed on State land;
- (b) If State land is involved, a planning clearance from Ministry of Housing and Lands except for building sites approved by Ministry of Housing and Lands.
- (c) 3 sets of plans comprising site/ location plan, layout plans, elevations and sections, drawn to standard metric scale, preferably on A4 or A3 Size and show the floor area of proposed building in m² and structural details comprising foundation and columns details, beams details, slab details, staircase and basement details (if any), septic tank or other waste water disposal system details. In instances of vertical and/ or horizontal extension to an existing building, copy of all structural and architectural details of existing structure to be submitted along with the details of the proposed extension.

The total floor area is to be indicated on the site plan and the floor areas for

each level to be indicated on their respective floor plans.

Preferred Scale:

- (i) Location plan 1:2500
- (ii) Site plan 1:200
- (iii) Layout plans 1:100 or 1:200
- (iv) Sections and elevations 1:100 or 1:200

(d) All plans must be signed by service providers and should include his name and address. The total floor area to be indicated on the site plan and the floor areas for each level to be indicated on their respective floor plans.

(e) For buildings exceeding a floor area of 150 m² and above, all drawings should be designed and signed by a registered Professional Architect, and should include his name, address and his registration number with the Professional Architects Council.

(f) For the following cases, all plans should be signed by a Registered Professional Civil/Structural Engineer indicating his name, address, and the registration number issued by the Council of Engineers of Mauritius:

- (i) For any building where beams/slabs span are 5.0m or more;
- (ii) For any building where beams/slabs cantilever are 1.2m or more;
- (iv) For any building above 2 levels including basements;
- (vi) Where the natural slope of the land is greater than 1:5

(g) National Identity Card number or copy of relevant pages of passport (for non-citizens of Mauritius) of applicant.

- (h) Power of Attorney, where applicable;
- (i) Clearances of the Forestry Service, Road Development Authority and Department of Civil Aviation where applicable.
- (m) For any structure that exceeds ground plus three storeys, a design statement prepared by the architect / town planner should be submitted.

(B). Compliance with Technical Guidelines as follows:

- a) Site should be located within or on the edge of Settlement Boundary and complies with policies of the Outline Scheme or within limits of permitted development as per the relevant Outline Scheme.
- b) Where site is located outside settlement boundary but affidavit submitted to prove that it is a hardship case, as per relevant policy of the Outline Scheme.
- c) Where site is an agricultural land and a land conversion permit/clearance has been obtained or applicant has submitted an attestation from a public notary or an affidavit stating why he is exempted from land conversion.
- d) Where there has been formal commitments given by the Ministry responsible for Public Utilities, the Ministry of Housing and Lands, the Local Authority, the Town and Country Planning Board, or under a Government – approved scheme prior to the approval of the Outline Scheme, provided such commitments are duly supported by bona fide evidence i.e. original and authentic documents.
- e) The proposal can be readily connected to existing transport and utility networks or can be connected without excessive public expense.
- f) Plans satisfy all the requirements of the Planning Policy Guidance in respect of:
 - (i) Building line of 6m from roadside boundary (A or B road).

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- (ii) Building line of 4.5m from any other road or 3m from lightly trafficked road.
- (iii) Building setback of 0.9m from side and rear boundaries (other than coastal zone) for Building comprising of Ground Floor and First Floor and not exceeding 7.5m in height.
- (iv) Building line of 3m from side and rear boundaries in “Coastal Frontage A & B of the Coastal Zone”.
- (v) building line of 2m from side and rear boundaries within “Coastal Zone C & D” and “Inland E”.
- (vi) Plot coverage of 20% within “Coastal Frontage A” & 27.5% within "Coastal Frontage B".
- (vii) Plot coverage of 30% for sites located within" Coastal Road C"
- (viii) Plot coverage of 40% for sites located within “Coastal Road D” and “Inland E”.
- (ix) Height of buildings to be ground + 1 floor + 33% (G) within “Coastal Frontage A&B” (maximum height 13m).
- (x) Height of buildings to be ground +1+50% (of G) within "Coastal Road C" (maximum height 13m)
- (xi) Height of building to be ground + 2 floors within “Coastal Road D” (maximum height 15m).
- (xii) Height of building to be ground + 2 floors + 50% (G) within “Inland E” (maximum height 18m).

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- (xiii) Septic tank to be at 2m from boundary and 2m from building.
- (xiv) Buildings to be not less than 30m from High Water Mark.
- (xv) Parking: 1 space/ residential unit + 1 additional visitor's space per 5 residential units.

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Residential Coastal Development Guidelines					
Residential Development S	Coastal Frontage		Coastal Road		Inland
	A	B	C	D	E
Plot Size	Around 1000m ²	Around 600m ² Detached Unit 400m ² Semi D	Around 300m ² Detached Unit 265m ² Semi D	Around 235m ² Detached 210m ² Semi D	
Maximum Building Height	G+1+33% of G	G+1+33% of G	G+1+50% of G	G+2	G+2+50% of G
Maximum Building Height in metres	13m	13m	13m	15m	18m
Max Plot Coverage	20%	27.5%	30%	40%	40%
General Setbacks	No less than 30m from HWM	No less than 30m from HWM			
From Main Road (Class A & B)	6m	6m	6m	6m	6m
Access Roads	4.5m	4.5m	4.5m	4.5m	4.5m
Lightly Trafficked Roads	3m	3m	3m	3m	3m
Side and Rear Boundaries	3m	3m	2m	2m	2m

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(xvi) Construction should be located outside river reserves as defined hereunder.

<u>Type of water course</u>	<u>Width of reserve</u>
River	16 m
Rivulet	8 m
Feeder	3 m

No construction should be allowed on a drain, river, canal or any watercourse without the prior approval required under any other enactment.

(xvii) For buildings above ground+ 3 floors, a passenger lift must be provided.

(xviii) For buildings above ground+ 3 floors, an emergency staircase must be provided as per Guidelines of the Fire & Rescue Service.

(xx) Setbacks:

In cases where basements are being proposed, the setbacks shall be 0.9 metre from the neighbours' boundaries and, if less, neighbour's consent has to be submitted. A basement may extend up to the boundary line along the road or to the limit of the road reserve.

In the substructure of a building, where set backs are less than the prescribed distance of 0.9m from side and rear boundaries, the neighbours consent has been obtained and this will apply only to the substructure floor of the building.

The coastal zone is defined as the area within 1 km of the coast.

“Coastal Frontage A” is reckoned as that area which normally accommodates the first row of sites from HWM and is commonly referred to as "pieds dans l'eau".

"Coastal Frontage B" is the area meant to accommodate row of sites immediately behind coastal frontage A up to a maximum depth of 81.21m.

"Coastal Road C" includes those plots immediately fronting the coastal road and located beyond coastal frontage areas A and B but still on the seaward side of the Coastal Road.

"Coastal Road Area D" include those plots immediately adjoining the coastal road but on the landward side.

"Inland E" includes those areas that may not have a Coastal road frontage, but may still be visible from or relate to the Coastal Road.

19. GUIDELINES FOR DEVELOPMENT WORKSFOR USES IN COMMERCIAL & SERVICES CLUSTERS

(A). Documents required for applying for a BLP:

- (a) Copy of title deed.
- (b) Copy of Lease + planning clearance from Ministry of Housing and Lands (for State Land).
- (c) Consent of owner and number of identity card if applicant is not the owner.
- (d) NID number.
- (e) BRN/registration number
- (f) 3 sets of plans, comprising site and location plans, layout, elevations and sections. Site plan to show clearly parking space on site and total floor area of proposed building

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- (g) Plans to be at the appropriate standard metric scales of 1:50 or multiples thereof
- (h) For development within residential zones – public notification by way of plate display + notice in 2 daily newspapers + proof of legal notice served on adjoining neighbours and neighbours on opposite side of road.
- (i) Consent of neighbour (if required)
- (j) PER approval/EIA License for Scheduled undertakings. (You may wish to visit the Website of the Ministry of Environment and National Development Unit for a list of scheduled undertakings at the following address:

<http://environment.gov.mu>

- (k) For buildings exceeding 150m² floor area , (inclusive of existing areas, if any) all drawings are to be designed and signed by a registered Professional Architect, and plans must show his name, address, VAT Reg. No. and his registration number with the Professional Architects Council. The total floor area is to be indicated on the site plan and the floor areas for each level to be indicated on their respective floor plans.
- (l) All plans to be signed by a Registered Professional Civil/Structural Engineer indicating his name, address, VAT Reg. No. and RPEM number as follows:
 - (i) For any building when beams/slabs span is 5.0m or more;
 - (ii) For any building when beams/slabs cantilever is 1.2m or more;
 - (iii) For buildings with 2 levels including basements where either or both floors are intended for commercial /industrial activities or public assembly;

- (iv) For any building above 2 levels including basements;
- (v) In case of any existing building which is being converted for other use such as library, warehouse, industrial use, place of entertainment, public assembly, etc. and where structural alteration is involved; and
- (vi) In case where the natural slope of the land is greater than 1:5
- (m) If notification procedures are required, to submit copies of newspapers as proof as well as a certificate of notification.

(B). Technical Guidelines

- a) Proposed activity is compatible with the neighborhood and not likely to cause nuisance and complies with provisions of Outline Scheme and Planning Policy Guidance.
- b) Site is located within an area where commercial/service activity may be allowed.
- c) There is **adequate parking space on site** as per the following standards:
 - (i) Cinemas/Theatres/Concert, Assembly and Wedding halls:**
 - 1 space/4m² public floor area
 - (ii) Hotel & Guest House With Dining areas Conference or function facilities:**
 - 1 space/3 bedrooms
 - 1 additional space/30m² dining space
 - 1 additional space for 15m² of conference or function space
 - (iii) Offices:**
 - 1 space/ 60m² gross floor area
 - (iv) Shops:**
 - 1 space/ 30m² gross floor area (subject to a minimum of 1 space/ shopping

unit)

(v) Supermarkets:

- 1space/18m² gross floor area

(vi) Restaurant/ Cafeteria, Eating houses:

- 1 space/8m² dining area

(vii) Bars:

- 1 space/6m²of the predominant drinking area

(viii) Discotheque/ Night Club:

- 1 space/ 8m² public floor area

(ix) Bank:

- 1 space/ 75m² ground floor area for staff + 1 space/ 25m² public floor area for customers.

(d) Parking space may be provided on an adjacent site subject to formal consent being submitted;

(e) Consent of neighbours to be submitted (whenever applicable).

(f) The 'dual use' of parking spaces within mixed commercial development (day/night activities) would be allowed. This would apply for development where uses proposed have differing peak parking demands (e.g. office and residential use, or shop & night club etc.)

(g) Within established commercial centres and Central Business Districts (CBD), the above guidelines for parking would not apply, and the provision of private parking may need to be controlled to support the wider area traffic management strategy.

(h) Developers of adjoining plots will be allowed to make collective provision for car parking, to avoid unnecessary proliferation of small car parks. In such cases, on-site parking as per the above guidelines, would not apply.

20. GUIDELINES FOR INDUSTRIAL/SUI GENERIS DEVELOPMENT WORKS

***Important Note:** - Industrial uses such as metal workshops, panel beating and spray painting, manufacture furniture and repair of vehicles are not normally acceptable uses within residential area*

(A).Documents required:

- (a) Copy of title deed
- (b) Copy of Lease + planning clearance from Ministry of Housing and Lands (for State Land).
- (c) If lessee of building, consent of owner + owner's NID number.
- (d) NID number, business registration number.
- (e) 3 sets of plans, comprising site and location plans, layout, elevations and sections, drawn to metric scale on A3 or A4 size. Site plan to show clearly parking space on site and total floor area of proposed building in m²& calculations for plot coverage and parking
- (f) Preferred Scale of Plans:
 - (i) Location plan 1:2500
 - (ii) Site plan 1:200
 - (iii) Layout plans 1:100 or 1:200
 - (iv) Section and elevations 1:100 or 1:200
- (g) Contour plan to justify any basement level

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- (h) For development works within residential zones – public notification by way of plate display and notice in 2 daily newspapers
- (i) PER or EIA as required.

(B). Technical Guidelines:

- (a) Compliance of Project with policies and provisions of Outline Scheme.
- (b) For polluting activities, provision of a 1km buffer from an existing residential area.
- (c) For animal rearing activities, a distance of 200m from existing residential area.
- (d) For piggery/ slaughter house, a distance of 500m from housing/education and health facilities.
- (e) Loading and unloading space of 14m x3.5m or 18.5m x 3.5m being provided on site.
- (f) On site parking space (2.5m x 5.0m) being provided for staff and visitors at the rate of 1 space/115m² of gross floor area but with no less than 2 car spaces per industrial unit
- (g) Heavy goods vehicle parking being provided as follows:
 - (i) **Light industry/service industry**
1 space/ 500m² gross floor area
 - (ii) **General industry**
1 space/200m² gross floor area

- (h) Security gate to be set back at least 15m inside from the boundary
- (i) Adequate visibility to enter and leave site

21. GUIDELINES FOR HOTEL/ PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

(A). Documents required:

- (a) Copy of title deed
- (b) Copy of Lease + planning clearance from Ministry of Housing and Lands (for State Land).
- (c) If lessee of building, consent of owner + owner's NID number.
- (d) NID number of applicant.
- (e) 3 sets of plans, comprising site and location plans, layout, elevations and sections, drawn to metric scale on A3 or A4 size. Site plan to show clearly parking space on site and total floor area of proposed building in square meters including calculations for plot coverage and parking
- (f) Preferred Scale of Plans:
 - (i) Location plan 1:2500
 - (ii) Site plan 1:200
 - (iii) Layout plans 1:100 or 1:200
 - (iv) Section and elevations 1:100 or 1:200
- (g) Contour plan to justify any basement level
- (h) For development works within residential zones – public notification by way of plate display and notice in 2 daily newspapers.
 - (i) PER or EIA license as required
 - (j) Plans drawn by a draughtsman to be signed by the draughtsman (for building not exceeding 150m² in floor area), including his name and address. The total floor area is to be indicated on the site plan and the floor areas for each level to be indicated on their respective floor plans.
- (k) For buildings exceeding 150m² in floor area , (inclusive of existing areas, if any)

all drawings are to be drawn and signed by a registered Professional Architect, and must include his name, address, VAT Reg. No. and his registration number with the Professional Architects Council. The total floor area is to be indicated on the site plan and the floor area for each level is to be indicated on the respective floor plans.

- (l) All plans to be signed by a Registered Professional Civil/ Structural Engineer indicating his name, address, his VAT Reg. No. and his RPEM number in the following situations –
- (i) For any building when beams/slabs span is 5.0m or more;
 - (ii) For any building when beams/slabs cantilever is 1.2m or more;
 - (iii) For buildings with 2 levels including basements where either or both floors are intended for commercial/industrial activities or public assembly;
 - (iv) For any building above 2 levels including basements;
 - (v) In case of any existing building which is being converted for other use such as library, warehouse, industrial use, place of entertainment, public assembly, etc. and which involves structural alteration; and
 - (vi) In case where the natural slope of the land is greater than 1:5.

(B). Technical Guidelines:

- (a) An EIA License may be required (to consult Min of Environment);
- (b) Buildings need to be setback at 30m from HWM on coastal frontage and 6m from a classified road;

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- (c) Plans require to satisfy all the requirements of the Planning Policy Guidance in respect of:
- (i) Building line of 6m from roadside boundary (A or B road);
 - (ii) Building line of 4.5m from any other road or a building line of 3m from lightly trafficked road;
 - (iii) Building line of 0.9m from side and rear boundaries (other than coastal zone);
 - (iv) Building line of 2m from side and rear boundaries for buildings 7.5m high;
 - (v) Building line of 3m from side and rear boundaries for buildings 15m high;
 - (vi) Building line of 5m from side and rear boundaries for buildings 25m high;
 - (vii) Plot coverage of 20% within 'Coastal Frontage A';
 - (viii) Plot coverage of 40% for sites located within 'Coastal Road B';
 - (ix) Plot coverage of 40% for sites located within "Inland C";
- Height of buildings to be ground + 1 floor + 33% of G within 'Coastal Frontage A' and within 81.21m from HWM and G+2 for remainder of land (maximum height 13m);
- (x) Height of building to be ground + 2 floors within 'Coastal Road B' (maximum height 15m);
 - (xi) Height of building to be ground+2+50% of G within inland C (maximum height 18m);
 - (xii) Septic tank to be at 2m from boundary and 2m from building;

- (xiii) Buildings to be at 30m from High Water Mark;
- (xiv) Parking: 1 space/residential unit + 1 additional visitor's space per 5 residential units;
- (xv) 1 car parking space for every 3 bedrooms;
- (xvi) Where conference or function facilities are provided at the rate of 1 space/15 m² of conference or function space;
- (xvii) A hotel dining room (or dining rooms) shall be provided with additional car spaces at the rate of 1 space for each 30 m² of dining space; and
- (xiii) Discotheques – 1 car parking space/8 m² of public floor area.

A – Coastal Frontage Land

Normally the strip of land between the high water Mark and the nearest coastal road.

B – Coastal Road Land

This includes those plots immediately fronting the coastal road and located on the inland side of the road.

C - Inland

This includes those areas that may not have a coastal road frontage but may still be visible from or relate to the coastal road.

**22. GUIDELINES FOR APPLICATION FOR EXCISION OF
LAND/SUBDIVISION AMONG HEIRS**

(A). Excision of Land

(i) *Documents required:*

- (a) Copy of Title Deed.
- (b) Survey plan as per Cadastral Survey Act
- (c) NID number.
- (d) 4 sets of plans of relevant scale drawn and signed by Sworn Land Surveyor and indicating his name, address and VAT Reg. No., showing contour lines if site is slopy, angles and indicating the following:
 - Roads required to give access directly or indirectly to a public road as well as internal roads or internal accesses
 - Prominent features such as shops, service pole, bridge, etc. for easy identification of site especially in underdeveloped areas
 - The location of all service mains, such as water, sewer lines and electricity
 - The location of all existing buildings, drains or rivulets/rivers, if any, on the property
 - Description (total extent) of the land and the proposed excision (including size of each plot)

(ii) *Technical Guidelines:*

- (a) Purpose of excision tallies with policies in Outline Scheme.

- (b) Size of excised lot as per the First Schedule part (ea) or (g) of the Morcellement Act and surplus lot are in conformity with the provisions of the Planning Policy Guidance (PPG).
- (c) There is only one surplus lot.
- (d) There have not been more than 2 excisions approved by the Local Authority from the original site as per part (g) of the First Schedule.
- (e) There are no more than 8 excisions in total as per part (ea) of the First Schedule of the Morcellement Act. Since the excised lots are more than 5 hectares in area, the internal access road right of way serving the excised lot will be 10 m wide with appropriate kerb radii at any new junction. An EIA licence and a land conversion permit are obtained (where applicable).

(iii) Permit issued for one excision in conformity with part (g) of the First Schedule of the Morcellement Act, from an original site, each year, with a maximum of three excisions.

(iv) Permit issued with condition

Land Conversion Permit to be obtained, where applicable, prior to site being developed for the purpose for which the sub-division/excision has been approved.

(v) Section (ea) of the First Schedule of the Morcellement Act allows for an excision where both the excised and the surplus lot exceed 5 hectares and not more than 8 excision are allowed and must obtain the approval of the local authority.

(B). Division in kind among heirs

(i) Documents required:

- (a) Copy of Title Deed.
- (b) Survey plan as per Cadastral Survey Act.
- (c) NID number of owner.

(d) Copy of Affidavit.

(e) 3 sets of plans of relevant scale drawn and signed by Sworn Land Surveyor and indicating his name, address and VAT Reg. No., showing contour line, angles and indicating the following:

- Roads required to give access directly or indirectly to a public road as well as internal roads or internal accesses
- Prominent features such as shops, service pole, bridge, etc. for easy identification of site especially in underdeveloped areas
- The location of all service mains, such as water, sewer lines and electricity
- The location of all existing buildings, drains or rivulets/rivers, if any, on the property
- Description (total extent) of the land and the proposed subdivision (total number of lots and size of each plot) and allocation of the lots to the heirs.

NOTE: Each heir to inherit one lot only.

(ii) Technical Guidelines:

(a) Purpose of the division tallies with policies in Outline Scheme.

(b) Size of the lots is in conformity with the provisions of the Planning Policy Guidance and the Sugar Industry Efficiency Act.

(c) It is ascertained that it is a “division in kind” as per definition given in the Morcellement Act.

(iii) *Permit issued with condition:*

- a) Access will have to be tarred with premixed asphalt if there are more than 5 lots.
- b) Neither the Municipal/District Council nor the Village Council would be responsible for tarring the access.
- c) Land Conversion Permit to be obtained, where applicable, prior to site being developed for the purpose for which the sub-division/excision has been approved.
- d) Kerb radius of 4.5m to be provided at junctions.
- e) Reserve to be provided on roadside boundaries as per PPG

**23. NEWSPAPER NOTICE FOR BUILDING &
LAND USE PERMIT APPLICATION**

NOTICE FOR PERMISSION FOR LAND USE

Take notice that Iwill apply to the
Municipal/District Council of for a Building and Land Use Permit
for a proposed.....at
.....

Any person feeling aggrieved by the proposal may lodge an objection in writing to
the above-named Council within 15 days as from the date of this publication.

Date:

24. FORMAT FOR LEGAL NOTICE

NOTE: A legal notice should be drafted by a person of the legal profession, should be registered and should be served in person by an Usher of the Court.

Republic of Mauritius

Legal notice

Take notice that I(name of applicant) will apply to the Municipal/District Council of for a Permit for Place of Public Entertainment / Place of Public Worship/ Installation of Industrial engines(delete as appropriate).....
.....
.....

Now take further notice that you being the owner of the contiguous property may, within fifteen days from the service of this notice upon you, if you deem fit and proper, object to the granting of the said permit/authorization in writing to the Chief Executive of the above-named Council.

To: (1)
(2)
(3) } *Name & Address of contiguous owners and owner across road*

Date:

25. SPECIFICATIONS FOR PLATE NOTIFICATION

Applicable for the following proposed development works-

- **Commercial/Industrial, Services, Small Enterprises & Handicraft Enterprise, Sui Generis proposed within residential area;**
- **Industrial development in residential areas & established commercial centres and Central Business Districts (CBD)**
- **Residential apartments above ground + 3 levels**
- The plate should not be considered as an advertisement and should not be subject to tax control.
- To be displayed on the site of the proposed development next to each of the roadside in a conspicuous position.
- Not to be illuminated.
- Not to exceed 1 m² in area.
- No character to be less than 1.5cm in height and should be in white against a black background.
- The plate to be no less than 1.5m above ground level.
- One plate to be put up on each road frontage on particular sites serviced by more than one access road.
- The plate should not be more than 3m from roadside boundary of the site and should be clearly visible.

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- The display of plate should not affect the safety of persons and should be firmly fixed on site.
- The plate should not obscure or hinder the interpretation of traffic signs.
- The plate should be displayed 15 days, as applicable, before submission of the application and should be kept on site until obtention of the permit.
- The plate should be displayed on a flat metal or wooden surface and should be properly weather proof.
- The plate should conform with the following format:

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING & LAND USE PERMIT MADE TO THE MUNICIPAL/DISTRICT COUNCIL

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING & LAND USE PERMIT MADE TO THE MUNICIPAL/DISTRICT COUNCIL OF
Name of Applicant:
Date of display:
Proposed Activity:
Address of site:
<p>Any objection against the proposed development works should be made in writing to the above-mentioned Municipal/District Council within a delay of 15 days as from date of display</p>

26. CERTIFICATE OF NOTIFICATION

I, the applicant:
hereby certify that I have caused to be posted on the site situated
at.....
..... a plate notification for a proposed
..... as per specification of the local
authority since I certify that such notice will be left
in position until the permit has been obtained.

Name of Applicant:

Signature:

Date:

**27. FORMAT LETTER FOR COMPLYING WITH SECTION 120A OF THE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT**

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TO:

The Land Use and Planning Department

The Municipal/District Council of

Address:

.....

Dear Sir,

Compliance with Section 120A of the Local Government Act –

Ref. No. of Building & Land Use Permit

This is to inform you that further to the Building and Land Use Permit issued to me on, I have started/will start foundation works on and officers may wish to effect a site visit.

Yours faithfully,

Mr.

Address of Site.....

28. Application form for occupation certificate

Municipal/District Council of

Occupation Certificate

Application Form

(In accordance with Section 120C(2)(c) of the Local Government Act 2011)

**Details of holder of the Building and Land Use Permit
(applicant):**

Family/Company Name:

First Name:.....

Postal Address:.....

.....

.....

Mobile:..... Phone No (Residence)

Email

BRN:(*where applicable*)

Details of Building and Land Use Permit:

Local Authority Reference Number:

Date Permit was issued:

Address of Development:

Building No:

Street Name:

City/Town/Village Name.....

Site Details:

Extent: M²

TV No of Deed:

Pin Number:.....

Documentation to accompany this application:

Clearance certificate from the principal agent.*

(: Applicable only for buildings above 150m² in area)*

Signature of Applicant

Date:

29. FORMAT FOR OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

MUNICIPAL/DISTRICT COUNCIL OF

OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE No.

In compliance with Section 120C of the Local Government Act 2011 (as amended in 2018), this is to certify that the building constructed by Mr/Mrs situate at on a plot of land of m² in area with a title deed bearing TV No, has been completed within acceptable norms in line with plans approved by the Permit and Business Monitoring Committee of the Council onas per Permit Ref. No.

Signature.....

Name.....

Chief Executive

Date.....